

## Canine Fungal Dermatitis

- ① Malasseziasis - common
- ② Candidiasis
- ③ Dermatophytosis - common
- ④ Blastomycosis etc.

### Malasseziasis

#### Introduction

- Hypersensitive reaction to the yeast or cutaneous overgrowth of yeast organism.
- Almost always associated with an underlying cause like
  - Atopy
  - Food allergy
  - Endocrinopathy
  - Keratinization disorder
  - Metabolic diseases
  - Prolonged corticosteroid use
- Pre-disposing breeds
  - Dachshunds
  - West Highland
  - White Terriers
  - English Setters
  - Basset Hounds
  - American cocker spaniel
  - Shihtzus
  - GSD
  - Springer Spaniel

## Symptoms

- Moderate to severe pruritus
- Regional / generalized alopecia
- Initially Chronic
  - Excoriations
  - Erythema
  - Seborrhoea
- Unpleasant body odour
- Paronychia, with dark brown nail bed discharge.
- Concurrent yeast otitis externa
- Lesions are most commonly found - interdigital space, ventral neck, axillae, perineal region, leg folds.

## Differential Diagnosis

- ① Demodicosis - Skin scrapping examination, No nail bed discolouration
- ② Superficial pyoderma - papular dermatitis, epidermal collarette
- ③ Dermatophytosis - Mild pruritus, dermatophytic nodule
- ④ Ectoparasites - Gross visualization
- ⑤ Atopy - No response to anti-fungal meds, may be seasonal

## Treatment

- ① **TOPICAL THERAPY** - Till total lesions resolve & follow up skin cytology is negative (4 weeks approx)

Shampoo bathing in every 2-3 days containing

- ① 2% Ketoconazole
- ② 1% Ketoconazole / 2% Chlorhexidine

- ③ 2% Miconazole
- ④ 2-4% Chlorhexidine
- ⑤ 1% Selenium Sulfide (only for dogs)

## ② SYSTEMIC THERAPY - Moderate to severe cases

- ① Ketoconazole @ 10mg/Kg PO q24hr (with food)  
(avoid using in cats)
- ② Fluconazole @ 10mg/Kg PO q24hr (with food)
- ③ Terbinafine @ 30-40 mg/Kg PO q24hr (with food)
- ④ Itraconazole @ 5-10 mg/kg PO q24hr (with food)

## Dermatophytosis

### Introduction

- Causative organism - *Microsporum canis* & *Trichophyton* spp.
- Zoonotic importance
- Infects hair shaft & stratum corneum.
- Affects Kitten / Puppy / Immunocompromised animals

### Symptoms

- Minimal to mild pruritus
- Lesion - circular / irregular / diffuse alopecia with variable scaling
- Erythema, papules, crusts, seborrhoea, paronychia
- Dermatolytic nodules (rare in cats)

### Differential Diagnosis

- |                        |                         |
|------------------------|-------------------------|
| ① Demodicosis          | ③ Neoplasia             |
| ② Superficial pyoderma | ④ Acral lick dermatitis |

## Diagnosis

- ① Wood's Lamp (UV Lamp) exam - Yellow green fluorescence  
May give False -ve & +ve
- ② Trichogram
- ③ Dermatohistopathology
- ④ Fungal culture

## Treatment

### ① TOPICAL -

Topical creams containing

- ① Terbinafine
- ② Clotrimazole
- ③ Ketoconazole
- ④ Miconazole

Topical antifungal solution

- ① Econazole 0.2%
- ② Lime sulfur 2-4%

Topical shampoo - Refer malasseziasis

### ② SYSTEMIC - Refer malasseziasis

## Research Articles

2002

Ohio

Pulse therapy of itraconazole  
2 days a week

2019

Italy

Azole resistance of Malassezia  
pachydermatis

2022

India

Topical Therapy should be preferred  
over systemic therapy